Join us for KubeCon + CloudNativeCon Virtual



Event dates: August 17-20, 2020 Schedule: <u>Now available!</u> Cost: \$75

Register now!



The top 7 most useful Kubernetes APIs for comprehensive cloud-native observability

Caleb Hailey, CEO & Co-founder Sensu, Inc. | sensu.io

Overview

- Introduction
- Sensu 💚 the CNCF
- The CNCF Cloud Native Trail Map
- Top 7 K8s APIs
- Getting to the "Why?" for observability

Kubernetes APIs Introductions

Sensu //



What is Sensu?

Unified infrastructure and application monitoring at scale. Gain deep visibility into servers, containers, services, applications, functions, and connected devices across any public or private cloud.

sensu.io | @sensu



How does Sensu work?

Sensu is a flexible observability pipeline.



4





Sensu Go

The observability pipeline

The Sensu Go agent is a powerful cross-platform event producer.





Observability Pipeline Architecture





- "Monitoring Kubernetes" (blog post) <u>https://www.cncf.io/blog/2019/01/09/monitoring-kubernetes-</u> <u>part-1-the-challenges-data-sources</u>
- "Monitoring Kubernetes Workloads: the Sidecar Pattern" <u>https://youtu.be/X14nPCoNUg0</u>
- "How Kubernetes works" (blog post) <u>https://www.cncf.io/blog/2019/08/19/how-kubernetes-works</u>
- KubeCon 2018-19 Sponsors

Cloud Native Journey

"You can't perform any operation without proper observability."

– Gene Kim

Service Reliability Hierarchy

Part I. Introduction

Part II. Principles

Part III. Practices



Service Reliability Hierarchy



Product

The CNCF Trail Map

1. CONTAINERIZATION

Commonly done with Docker containers
Any size application and dependencies (even PDP-11 code running on an emulator) can be containerized
Over time, you should aspire towards splitting suitable applications and writing future functionality as microservices

3. ORCHESTRATION & APPLICATION DEFINITION

Kubernetes is the market-leading orchestration solution
You should select a Certified Kubernetes Distribution, Hosted Platform, or Installer: cncf.io/ck
Helm Charts help you define, install, and upgrade even the most complex Kubernetes application





-

5. SERVICE PROXY, DISCOVERY, & MESH

- CoreDNS is a fast and flexible tool that is useful for service discovery
- Envoy and Linkerd each enable service mesh architectures
 - They offer health checking, routing, and load balancing

2. CI/CD

 Setup Continuous Integration/Continuous Delivery (CI/CD) so that changes to your source code automatically result in a new container being built, tested, and deployed to staging and eventually, perhaps, to production

 Setup automated rollouts, roll backs and testin
 Argo is a set of Kubernetes-native tools for deploying and running jobs, applications, workflows, and events using GitOps paradigms such as continuous and progressive delivery and MLops



4. OBSERVABILITY & ANALYSIS

- Pick solutions for monitoring, logging and tracing
- Consider CNCF projects Prometheus for monitoring,
- Fluentd for logging and Jaeger for Tracing
- For tracing, look for an OpenTracing-compatible implementation like Jaeger







JAEGER CNCF Graduated

OPEN TRACING

https://github.com/cncf/trailmap

The CNCF Trail Map

1. CONTAINERIZATION

Commonly done with Docker containers
Any size application and dependencies (even PDP-11 code running on an emulator) can be containerized
Over time, you should aspire towards splitting suitable applications and writing future functionality as microservices

3. ORCHESTRATION & APPLICATION DEFINITION

Kubernetes is the market-leading orchestration solution
You should select a Certified Kubernetes Distribution, Hosted Platform, or Installer: cncf.io/ck
Helm Charts help you define, install, and upgrade even the most complex Kubernetes application





-

5. SERVICE PROXY, DISCOVERY, & MESH

- CoreDNS is a fast and flexible tool that is useful for service discovery
- Envoy and Linkerd each enable service mesh architectures
 - They offer health checking, routing, and load balancing

2. CI/CD

 Setup Continuous Integration/Continuous Delivery (CI/CD) so that changes to your source code automatically result in a new container being built, tested, and deployed to staging and eventually, perhaps, to production

 Setup automated rollouts, roll backs and testin
 Argo is a set of Kubernetes-native tools for deploying and running jobs, applications, workflows, and events using GitOps paradigms such as continuous and progressive delivery and MLops



4. OBSERVABILITY & ANALYSIS

 Pick solutions for monitoring, logging and tracing
 Consider CNCF projects Prometheus for monitoring, Fluence for logging and saeger for Tracing
 For tracing, look for an OpenTracing-compatible implementation like Jaeger









JAEGER CNCF Graduated

CNCF Incubating

https://github.com/cncf/trailmap

CNCF's Cloud Native Trail Map

"This Cloud Native Trail Map is a recommended process for leveraging open source, cloud native technologies. At each step, you can choose a vendor-supported offering or do it yourself, and **everything after step #3 is optional <u>based on your circumstances.</u>"**

Top 7 K8s APIs for O11y

#7: K8s Metrics APIs

- Most well-known APIs for monitoring
- Built-in Prometheus exporters
- kubelet-metrics (including cadvisor)
- kube-state-metrics (cluster level)

Consumable by most o11y tools

6: Service APIs

- Ingress, Endpoint, and Service resources
- Service metadata, spec, and status
- Service ports, internal and external IP addresses, load balancing, and label selector configuration details
- kubectl describe service <service>

5: Container API

Pod API resource

- Information about running containers
- Container **status** and **details** including image source, commands, networking, execution environment, and resource requirements

4: Pod API

- Primary/core workload API resource
- kubectl describe pod <pod name>
- Pod metadata, spec, and status
- Controller references
- Read log API (misc operation)

. . .

Terminal — bash — 115×30

homelab \$ kubectl --namespace cncf-webinar logs nginx-example-5bd95679c8-bxqbh -c nginx --tail 10 10.24.1.1 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:21:34 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.24.1.1 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:21:35 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.223 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:21:38 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.223 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:21:48 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.24.1.1 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:33 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.223 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:33 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.223 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:34 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.225 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:35 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" |10.24.1.1 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:38 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.225 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:39 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" homelab \$ curl -s "http://127.0.0.1:8888/api/v1/namespaces/cncf-webinar/pods/nginx-example-5bd95679c8-bxgbh/log?fol low=false&tailLines=10&container=nginx" 10.24.1.1 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:21:34 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.24.1.1 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:21:35 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.223 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:21:38 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.223 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:21:48 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.24.1.1 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:33 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.223 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:33 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.223 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:34 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.225 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:35 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.24.1.1 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:38 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" 10.138.15.225 - - [06/Jul/2020:18:23:39 +0000] "HEAD / HTTP/1.1" 200 0 "-" "curl/7.64.0" "-" homelab \$

The Downward API enables Pods to expose information about themselves to Containers running in the Pod via files or environment variables.

Motivation for the Downward API

It is sometimes useful for a Container to have information about itself, without being overly coupled to Kubernetes. The Downward API allows containers to consume information about themselves or the cluster without using the Kubernetes client or API server.

An example is an existing application that assumes a particular well-known environment variable holds a unique identifier. One possibility is to wrap the application, but that is tedious and error prone, and it violates the goal of low coupling. A better option would be to use the Pod's name as an identifier, and inject the Pod's name into the well-known environment variable.

https://kubernetes.io/docs/~/downward-api-volume-expose-pod-information/

- Pod configuration directive
- Expose pod information via files or env vars
- Alternative/complement to serviceAccount
- Useful w/ monitoring & observability tools
- Enrich observations w/ rich context

- Selectors: fieldRef & resourceFieldRef
- Available fields:
 - **metadata** (labels & annotations)
 - spec (nodeName, serviceAccountName)
 - **status** (status.podIP, status.hostIP)

K8s Downward API

Configured as volume mount

-OR-

Configured as environment variable

	•	example.yam) — -/projects/sensu/cncf-webinar
Ch	! exam	pleyaml ×
Q		
ĺ.		apiVersion: apps/v1
ge .		kind: Deployment
Ŭ		metadata:
$\leq_{\mathfrak{B}}$		labels
~		appring noing
Γø		speci
		selector:
B		matchLabels:
		app: nginx
		replicas: 3
		template:
		metadata:
		name: nginx
		annotations:
		demo: -
		"message": "Hello CNCF Webinar Attendees!"
		spec:
		volumes:
		uuwiwa uuri. itams.
		- path: "labels"
		fieldRef:
		fieldPath: metadata.labels
		path: "annotations"
		a second a fieldRef:
		fieldPath: metadata.annotations
		containers:
		- name: nginx
		- protocol: TCP
		containerPort: 80
		volumeMounts:
		- name: podinfo
		mountPath: /etc/podinfo

K8s Downward API

Configured as volume mount

-OR-

Configured as environment variable

00	● ● example yaml — ~/projects/sensu/cncf-webinar						
C h	! example.yaml ●						
Let 1	kubernet	es > ! example.yaml					
0							
~		apiVersion: apps/v1					
90		kind: Deployment					
5		metadata:					
		name: nginx-example					
₽́~		labels:					
		app: nginx					
L _O		spec:					
		selector:					
Ш		matchLabels:					
		app: nginx					
.		replicas: 3					
		Lemptate:					
		ant miny					
		deno: hello-world					
		annotations:					
	22 "message": "Hello CNCF Webinar Attendees!"						
	24 spec:						
	25 containers:						
		- name: nginx					
		image: nginx:latest					
		ports:					
		- protocol: TCP					
		containerPort: 80					
		env:					
		- name: APP_EXAMPLE					
		value: hello world					
		- Tame: APP_TANTESPACE					
		sial dase.					
		fieldeth, metadata namernace					

Terminal — bash — 80×24 root@nginx-example-5bd95679c8-bxqbh:/# export | grep APP_ declare -x APP_EXAMPLE="hello world" declare -x APP_NAMESPACE="cncf-webinar" root@nginx-example-5bd95679c8-bxqbh:/# ls /etc/podinfo annotations labels root@nginx-example-5bd95679c8-bxqbh:/# cat /etc/podinfo/labels && echo app="nginx" demo="hello-world" pod-template-hash="5bd95679c8" root@nginx-example-5bd95679c8-bxqbh:/# cat /etc/podinfo/

. . .

Terminal — bash — 80×24

sensu \$ kubectl exec -it nginx-6b8cb45687-crsgw -c sensu-agent /bin/ash
/ # echo \$KUBE_KUBELET
gke-kubernetes-sensu-go-default-pool-33524e02-tq5r
/ # echo \$SENSU_NAME
nginx-6b8cb45687-crsgw
/ # echo \$SENSU_NAMESPACE
cncf-webinar
/ # echo \$SENSU_LABELS | jq .

"foo": "bar",

"namespace": "cncf-webinar",
 "kubelet": "gke-kubernetes-sensu-go-default-pool-33524e02-tq5r"

} /#

•	nginx.yaml — ~/projects/sensu/cncf-webinar
! nginx.yaml $ imes$	
kubernetes > !	nginx.yaml
	<pre>- name: sensu-agent image: sensu/sensu:5.21.0 command: [</pre>
	"/opt/sensu/bin/sensu-agent" "start"
	/opt/sensu/bin/sensu-agent , start ,
	config-file, /etc/sensu/agent/agent.yamt,
	1
	valuerrom:
	fieldDath, croc redeName
	name, SENGL NAME
	fieldPof.
	fieldPath, metadata name
	- Hame. SENSO_NAMESFACE
	fieldPof.
	fieldPath, metadata namechaca
	- name: SENSILLARELS
	- Hame, SENSO_LADEES
	vatue.
	Kubelott, "#(KUPE KUPE ET)"
	KUDELET ; \$(KUDE_KUDELET)
	- name: SENSIL BACKEND LIDI
	value: wss://sensu_backend_0 sensu_system system system
	- name: SENSI SUBSCRIPTIONS
	value: kubernetes linux nginy
	value: "5"

		I		≜ demo.sensu.io /c/~/n/cncf-webinar/en	ntities/nginx-6b8cb45687-crsgw
●●● Terminal-bash-90×40 sensu \$ kubectl get podsnamespace cncf-webinar	≡ Sensu		local-cluster → cncf-webinar	ightarrow entities $ ightarrow$ nginx-6b8cb45687-crsgv	v
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE nginx-6b8cb45687-crsgw 2/2 Running 0 51m nginx-6b8cb45687-dsjbm 2/2 Running 0 51m	🖬 Dashboard				
sensu \$ sensuctl entity listnamespace cncf-webinarformat json jq '.[] > name: .metadata.name, > namespace: .metadata.namespace,	🗾 cncf-webinar	\$	Entity: nginx-6b8cb	45687-crsgw	
> labels: .metadata.labels > }'	🗘 Events		Status	✓ success (0)	User
<pre>"name": "nginx-6b8cb45687-crsgw", "namespace": "cncf-webinar", "labels": {</pre>	D Entities		Last Seen Subscriptions	just now kubernetes	Deregister Deregistration
"foo": "bar", "kubelet": "gke-kubernetes-sensu-go-default-pool-33524e02-tq5r", "namespace": "cncf-webinar"	💫 Silences			linux nginx	Redacted Keys
} }	ពុំពុំពុំ Configuration	~		entity:nginx-6b8cb45687-crsgw	
<pre>"name": "nginx-6b8cb45687-dsjbm", "namespace": "cncf-webinar", "labels": { "foo": "bar", "kubelet": "gke-kubernetes-sensu-go-default-pool-33524e02-mrk9", "namespace": "cncf-webinar" } {</pre>			Class Hostname Cloud Provider VM System VM Role	agent nginx-6b8cb45687-crsgw — — guest	OS Platform Architecture ARM Versior libc Implement
<pre>"name": "nginx-6b8cb45687-krwd8", "namespace": "cncf-webinar", "labels": { "foo": "bar", "kubelet": "gke-kubernetes-sensu-go-default-pool-33524e02-64tz", "namespace": "cncf-webinar" } } sensu \$ </pre>			Adapter MAC IP Address	eth0 da:69:0e:07:a8:12 10.24.2.31/24	
			Labels	foo bar kubelet g	gke-kubernetes-sensu-go-d
	🚳 admin	幸			

2: Kubernetes Events API

- First-class K8s resource
- Resource state changes, errors, and other system messages
- As seen in "kubectl describe" output
- Examples: image pull failures, volume mount failures, scheduling events, etc.

\$ kubectl get events

Sensu \$ kubectl -n default scale deployment nginx-examplereplicas 2 Every 2.0s: kubectl -n default get pods NAME READY Nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 0 9m15s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ph26t 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s				-			
sensu \$ kubect1 -n default scale deployment nginx-examplereplicas 2 Every 2.0s: kubect1 -n default get pods homelab: Wed Jul 8 21:35:29 2020 NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-phz6t 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s	0 • •			Terminal — bash — 140;			
Every 2.0s: kubectl -n default get pods homelab: Wed Jul 8 21:35:29 2020 NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ps49p 1/1 Running 0 9m15s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s	sensu \$ kubectl -n default scale deployment nginx-examplereplicas 2 $igldow$						
Every 2.0s: kubectl -n default get pods homelab: Wed Jul 8 21:35:29 2020 NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-pbz6t 1/1 Running 0 9m15s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ps49p 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s							
Every 2.0s: kubectl -n default get pods homelab: Wed Jul 8 21:35:29 2020 NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-phz6t 1/1 Running 0 9m15s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-phz6t 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s							
Every 2.0s: kubectl -n default get pods homelab: Wed Jul 8 21:35:29 2020 NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ps49p 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s							
Every 2.0s: kubectl -n default get pods homelab: Wed Jul 8 21:35:29 2020 NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ps40p 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s							
Every 2.0s: kubectl -n default get pods homelab: Wed Jul 8 21:35:29 2020 NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-phz6t 1/1 Running 0 9m15s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-phz6t 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s							
NAMEREADYSTATUSRESTARTSAGEnginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq1/1Running061snginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-pbz6t1/1Running09m15snginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ps49p1/1Running061snginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx1/1Running09m13snginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs771/1Running061s	Every 2.0s: kubectl –n default g	jet pods				homelab: Wed Jul	8 21:35:29 2020
nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-pbz6t 1/1 Running 0 9m15s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ps49p 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s	NAME	READY STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE			
nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-phz6t 1/1 Running 0 9m15s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ps49p 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s	nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-nl6rq	1/1 Running	0	61s			
nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-ps49p 1/1 Running 0 61s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s	nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-phz6t	1/1 Running	0	9m15s			
nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx 1/1 Running 0 9m13s nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s	nginx—example—6d5bbbc7d7—ps49p	1/1 Running	0	61s			
nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77 1/1 Running 0 61s	nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-x59tx	1/1 Running	0	9m13s			
	nginx-example-6d5bbbc7d7-zrs77	1/1 Running	0	61s			
Every 2.0s: kubectl -n default get events homelab: Wed Jul 8 21:35:29 2020	Every 2.0s: kubectl –n default g	jet events				homelab: Wed Jul	8 21:35:29 2020
No resources found.	No resources found.						
						N	

[0] 0:kube-proxy- 1:webinar*

"homelab" 21:35 08-Jul-200

\$ kubectl get events --field-selector involvedObject.kind!=Pod

Travial back 440.40		
erminal — Dash — 140×40		
		전부는 곳 특별 같은
. 전 방법 사람이 있는 것은		
Every 2.0s: kubectl —n default get pods	homelab: Wed Jul	8 21:45:02 2020
No resources found.		
	hamelahe Mad 2.1	0.01./5.01.0000
Every 2.05: Kubecti -n default get eventsfield-selector involvedobject.kind:=Pod	nomelab: wed Jul	8 21:45:01 2020
No resources found.		
	₽	
[0] 0:kube-proxy- 1:webinar*	"homelab"	21:44 08-Jul-20



\$ kubectl get events --field-selector type!=Normal

\$ /api/v1/namespaces/cncf-webinar/events?fieldSelector%21%3DNormal

• • • Terminal — bash — 140×40	
sensu \$ kubectl get eventsfield-selector type!=Normal	
LAST SEEN TYPE REASON OBJECT MESSAGE	
28s Warning Failed pod/nginx-6c8997c749-88gj8 Failed to pull image "enginex:latest": rpc error: code	= Unknown desc = Error re
sponse from daemon: pull access denied for enginex, repository does not exist or may require 'docker login'	
28s Warning Failed pod/nginx-6c8997c749-88gj8 Error: ErrImagePull	
44s Warning Failed pod/nginx-6c8997c749-88gj8 Error: ImagePullBackOff	
sensu S	
cansu & ourl _YRET _c #http://127 & & 1:0000/ani/u1/namenanas/anaf_wahinar/ayants2finldSalastar=tyna%21%2DNarmal#	
> kind: involvedbheet.kind.	
> name: involvedObject.name	
"type" "Warning"	
"message": "Failed to pull image \"enginex:latest\": rpc error: code = Unknown desc = Error response from daemon	pull access denied for e
nginex, repository does not exist or may require 'docker login'",	
"reason": "Failed",	
"kind": "Pod",	
"name": "nginx-6c8997c749-88gj8"	
"type": "Warning",	
"message": "Error: ErrImagePull",	
"reason": "Failed",	
"kind": "Pod",	
"name": "nginx-6c8997c749-88gj8"	
"type": "Warning",	
"message": "Error: ImagePullBackOft",	
"reason" "Falled",	
"Kind": "Pod",	
"name": "nginx-6689976749-88gj8"	
sensu 5	
[0] 0:kube-proxy- 1:webinar*	"homelab" 09:27 09-Jul-20

#1: Kubernetes API Watchers

- Change notifications for **all K8s resources**
- Supports resource instances & collections

GET /api/v1/namespaces/{namespace}/pods
GET /api/v1/watch/namespaces/{namespace}/pods?resourceVersion=123456789
GET /api/v1/watch/namespaces/{namespace}/pods/{name}?resourceVersion=123

 Returns ADDED, MODIFIED, and DELETED change notifications

Top 7 Kubernetes APIs:

- 7. Kubernetes Metrics APIs
- 6. Service API
- 5. Container API
- 4. Pod API
- 3. Kubernetes Downward API
- 2. Kubernetes Events API
- 1. Kubernetes API Watchers



Closing remarks: Getting to the why

- Holistic view of K8s health
- Richer observations
- Additional context needed to complement metrics
- <u>Observability should tell the</u> <u>whole story</u>



Going further: join our webinar!

- Filling gaps in K8s observability
- Getting richer context with an o11y pipeline
- New K8s integrations for Sensu
- Live webinar: August 20, 2020 @ 10:30 AM PT
- RSVP: <u>bit.ly/k8s-o11y</u>

Thank you!



Learn more: sensu.io Join our community: discourse.sensu.io Join our webinar next month! bit.ly/k8s-o11y